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Paper submitted by the Clerk to the Council at the meeting of 10.01.24

# A briefing paper for Councillors on the Budget Preparation for 2024 - 2025

#### Introduction

The budget is a key part of the council's plans and must tie in with its policies. The council needs to be budget for a number of reasons:

- To plan its future activities
- To provide an opportunity to monitor progress during the year, by comparing what it actually spends against what it plans to spend.
- To assist the council in setting its precept
- To provide the framework authority for expenditure under various headings.

## Precept – what is the precept and it's legal basis.

The precept is the parish council's share of the council tax. The precept demand goes to the billing authority, the district council or equivalent, which collects the tax for the parish council.

Section 50 of the Local Government Finance Act 1992 specifies the calculation of the budget requirement for local precepting authorities. In accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, the Parish Council must also ensure that its financial management is adequate and effective and that it has a sound system of internal control.

During the process of calculating the precept, Council should be mindful that sums it sets must be sufficient to cover the following:

- Next year's expenditure, including an allowance for contingencies
- Outstanding expenditure in previous years
- Expenditure that is anticipated to be incurred before the precepted sum become available
- Payments to a sinking fund, capital fund or a renewal and repairs fund.
- Comparisons between expenditure and income

# Risks associated with the setting of the budget

# 1. Risk 1 – Capping of Parish Council Precepts

Whilst capping is possible in the future, the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities published in December the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement for 2024-2025, that whilst there will be council tax referendum limits for principal councils, there is again an exemption for town and parish councils. This means that we can continue to set precepts without a referendum.

Risk Assessment – low likelihood and low impact.

## 2. Risk 2 – Sustainability of village amenities

The continuing operation of amenities in the parish relies upon efforts of the parish council to raise income whilst controlling costs. There are times and circumstances when the parish council will need to rely on external funding or where the parish council itself will be asked for financial assistance. With the continued growth of the village of Thurston there will be a greater call on the current facilities as well as the need for improved or a wider range available to the population. There is an expectation that, as in the previous year, the parish council will be expected to undertake a number of services that are no longer offered by either the District or the County e.g. hedge clearance; gully and gutter clearance. Clarity has also been given on some areas of land within the village which fall under the remit of the parish council.

# Risk Assessment – medium likelihood and medium impact

## 3. Risk 3 – Personnel Costs

Council must be aware that it needs to comply with employment law and pension legislation. Annual pay awards and performance reviews should be built into budgets for future years. In addition, if any new employees "opt-in" to the local government pension scheme, there will be higher staff costs through employer contributions to the pension scheme. The Clerk and Deputy Clerk are currently the only members of staff enrolled into the Local Government Pension Scheme (as operated by Suffolk County Council) with employers contributions at 22% for 2024 - 2025. The detailed breakdown of the budget to be set (*Paper 7*) shows the hours covered by the budget and any associated employment costs (*including unknown annual pay increase for 2024/2025. The costings for the annual pay award for 23/24 have been fully implemented in the current year*).

## Risk Assessment – medium likelihood and medium impact

#### 4. Risk 4 – Asset Replacement Reserve

Council should consider allocating on an annual basis a sum to be made as a contribution to an Asset Replacement Reserve to allow a reasonable sum to be maintained for the replacement of the assets held by the council on a rolling basis. Whilst the Annual Play Inspection Risk Assessment Reports for the Council owned and maintained play areas highlighted (in 2019) that all play equipment had a life expectancy of between 5 – 10 years, Council should ensure that it has sufficient reserves to allow for a partial replacement on a rolling basis. Council should consider updating this assessment during 2024-2025. Currently Council has an earmarked reserve of £5,000 for asset replacement although new equipment over the past couple of years has been funded from \$106 monies held at Mid Suffolk District Council and from Neighbourhood CIL monies held by the Parish Council.

## Risk Assessment – medium likelihood and medium impact

## 5. Risk 5 – Failure to Contribute to General Reserves

The Parish Council currently has a significantly low level of general reserves and should ensure that such reserves are held in accordance with Proper Practices which states that one of the key stages in determining the budget is to "provide for contingences and consider the need for reserves". As with any financial entity, the parish council must ensure that it has sufficient reserves (both general and earmarked) to finance both its day-to-day operations and future plans. However, it should be remembered that given that the majority of its funds are generated from taxation / public reserves, it needs to ensure that such reserves are not excessive.

#### Risk Assessment – low likelihood and medium impact

# 6. <u>Failure to Manage Restricted Reserves (CIL Funds)</u>

A portion of CIL income is paid to the Parish Council to be spent by the parish council on offsetting the impacts of development in the area. These sums must be held in a designated reserve (restricted reserve) to support the expenditure on facilities and services to ensure that there is the capacity to sustain such growth. Over time this will lead to a reduction in the total reserve available and all associated revenue costs will need to be brought into the revenue budgets funded by the Precept. Such Reserves have a time limit in which expenditure must be incurred.

#### Risk Assessment – Medium likelihood and Medium impact

## **Precept Demand**

The starting point for the preparation of the Draft Budget involves an examination of recent trends in respect of receipts and payments along with known associated costs for new assets and new expenditure incurred. Council has previously run with the presumption that any increase in Precept shall be less than 5% with an explanation for departure from such a trend.

MSDC issued a statement dated 18<sup>th</sup> November 2023 which detailed an indicative tax base and whilst they did not anticipate any significant changes, the Final Tax Base was not confirmed until 9<sup>th</sup> January 2024. The District Council has set a deadline of 31<sup>st</sup> January 2024 for the submission of the Parish Precept by the Parish Council.

Council was therefore advised to be "minded to set" a budget of £185,360 on 6<sup>th</sup> December 2023 with formal approval of the budget and the precept to be agreed at the meeting of 10<sup>th</sup> January 2024 (for the year commencing 1<sup>st</sup> April 2024 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025).

The Draft Budget, did not include the sums of £61,000 for the second year of the PCSO Contract nor the allocation of monies for donations and the increased hours for the Community Library, but for comparison purposes both have been shown below along with the funding source – CIL. Therefore the Council is being asked to set an overall budget in the sum of £246,360.

CATEGORY	Budget	Actual	Budget	Revised	Projected	Budget
	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24	31.12.23	2023-24	2024-25
STAFF	68545	67581	85234	64435	94657	97,160
STREET LIGHTING	6500	6080	4500	0	6000	6,250
GROUNDS MAINTENANCE	2000	900	8500	3955	6090	23,000
VILLAGE MAINTENANCE	12000	7528	18335	12002	15513	25,430
PLAY AREA NEW EQUIPMENT	0	0	0	38972	38972	0
PCSO CONTRACT	39300	39550	48300	39895	39895	48,300
OFFICE ADMINISTRATION	16500	12415	18980	13110	17678	21,620
AUDIT/ACCOUNTANCY	1800	2898	2000	1386	2000	2,125
LEGAL /PROFESSIONAL FEES	10000	23585	15000	19012	19012	5,000
HEATH ROAD PLAY AREA	3055	420	3055	1702	2055	3,055
SUBSCRIPTIONS	1350	1538	1646	1403	1403	1,720
LIBRARY	2700	2700	2700	2700	2700	2,700
SMALL GRANT DONATIONS	3030	4113	10000	6780	10000	10,000
TOTALS	166780	169308	218250	205355	255975	246,360

FUNDED BY						
PRECEPT	125480	125480	152920	152920	152920	177,360
CIL RESERVES	0	0	61000	49375	52595	61,000
GRANTS	0	4269	0	30884	30884	0
CLEANSING GRANT	3000	3768	4330	2222	4750	5,000
MISC INCOME	0	1412	0	2848	3000	3,000
TOTALS	128480	134929	218250	238249	244149	246,360

#### **Tax Base**

MSDC have advised that the Taxbase calculator and Indicative Tax Base information as issued via email on 18<sup>th</sup> November 2023 is not subject to change (email of 9<sup>th</sup> January 2024) and can be used in the calculation of the Precept to be set as per the detailed workings in Paper 7.

Tax Base for 2024/2025	Tax Base for 2023/2024	% Change	Status
£1766.96	£1645.31	7.43%	CONFIRMED

The budget in the sum of £246,360 is submitted to full Council for approval at the meeting of 10<sup>th</sup> January 2024 with details of the funding sources for the overall budget.

As the indicative tax base has not been amended, the Precept required to cover the non-funded aspects of the budget set for 2024/20245 will remain at the proposed charge of £100.37 on a BAND D property. This represents an increase of £7.43 per annum or 8.0% on a BAND D property.

#### **Analysis of Tax Base for Thurston since 2014-2015**

Year	Tax base	Band D	Movement	Movement	Precept	LCTS
			in £	in %	in £	Grant
2014-15	1174.31	49.74	1.21	2.5	58,413	1,961
2015-16	1184.29	50.98	1.24	2.5	60,379	1,307
2016-17	1197.97	67.27	16.28	31.93	80,582	654
2017-18	1203.56	75.57	8.30	12.35	90,959	Phased out
2018-19	1206.53	77.96	2.39	3.17	94,067	0
2019-20	1219.82	79.43	1.46	1.88	96,889	0
2020-21	1228.87	85.58	6.15	7.74	105,162	0
2021-22	1220.96	86.71	1.15	1.32	105,864	908
2022-23	1380.20	90.91	4.20	4.84	125,480	0
2023-24	1645.31	92.94	2.04	2.23	152,920	0
2024-25	1766.96	100.37	7.43	8.00	177,360	0

## Reserves – Earmarked, Restricted and General

Council should be mindful of guidance given within the Practitioners' Guide to Proper Practices to be applied in the preparation of Statutory Annual Accounts and Governance Statements (March 2023) which states that "The authority (parish council) needs to have regard to the need to put in place a General Reserve Policy and have reviewed the level and purpose of all Earmarked Reserves."

As with any financial entity, it is essential that an authority has sufficient Reserves (General and Earmarked) to finance both its day-to-day operations and future plans. It is important, however, given that its funds are generated from taxation/public levies, that such reserves are not excessive.

#### **Earmarked Reserves**

Earmarked and Other Reserves — none of the above in any way affects the level of Earmarked and/or Capital Receipts Reserves (EMR/CRRs) that a authority may or should hold. There is, in practice, no upper or lower limit to EMR/CRRs save only that they must be held for genuine and intended purposes, and their level should be subject to regular review and justification (at least annually) and should be separately identified and enumerated. Significant levels of EMRs in particular may give rise to enquiries from Internal and/or External Auditors.

#### **Restricted Reserves**

Neighbourhood CIL is passed to parish or town councils by MSDC where development is taking place. The amount will be 15% or 25% depending on whether the community has an adopted Neighbourhood Development Plan (NDP). Thurston has an adopted NDP as of October 2019.

The CIL Regulations 2010 as amended state that the parish council must spend the CIL income they received from the District on either:

- The provision, improvement, replacement, operation or maintenance of infrastructure; or
  - Anything else that is concerned with addressing the demands that development places on an area.

Providing CIL is spent in accordance with the above, CIL monies may be used to provide seed or match funding with other income streams and / or may be spent collaboratively with other parish councils, community interest companies or other providers to make the most efficient use of funding to benefit the community.

#### **General Reserves**

The generally accepted recommendation with regard to the appropriate minimum level of a general reserve is that this should be maintained at between (3) and twelve (12) months of net revenue expenditure. This (subject to any planned surplus or deficit) is effectively the precept less any loan amounts included in the precept for capital projects and transfers to earmarked reserves.

The reason for the variation is to cater for the large variation in sizes of individual authorities. In practice any authority with a net revenue expenditure in excess of £200,000 should plan on three (3) months equivalent General Reserve.

Council is therefore encouraged to adopt as a General Reserve, the level that is appropriate to its size and situation and plan its Budget so as to ensure that the adopted level is maintained.

Current General	Level under 3-month equivalents to be	Variance
Reserve	held for contractual duties	£ %
£24,940	£25,940	£1,000 4%

The General Reserve Fund will be determined at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 (the end of the financial year) and Council is encouraged to ensure that it meets the three-month rule as outlined above.

# **Current Earmarked Reserves stand at:**

Earmarked Reserves (Designated Reserves)						
	Opening	Movement	Reasoning	Closing		
	Balance			Balance		
	01.04.23			31.12.23		
Asset Replacement Fund	5,000			5,000		
Staff Reserve	4,290			4,290		
Parish Poll / Election	3,645			3,645		
CIL Restricted Funds	203,428	-7,669	Income/expenditure	195,759		
TOTALS	216,363			208,694		